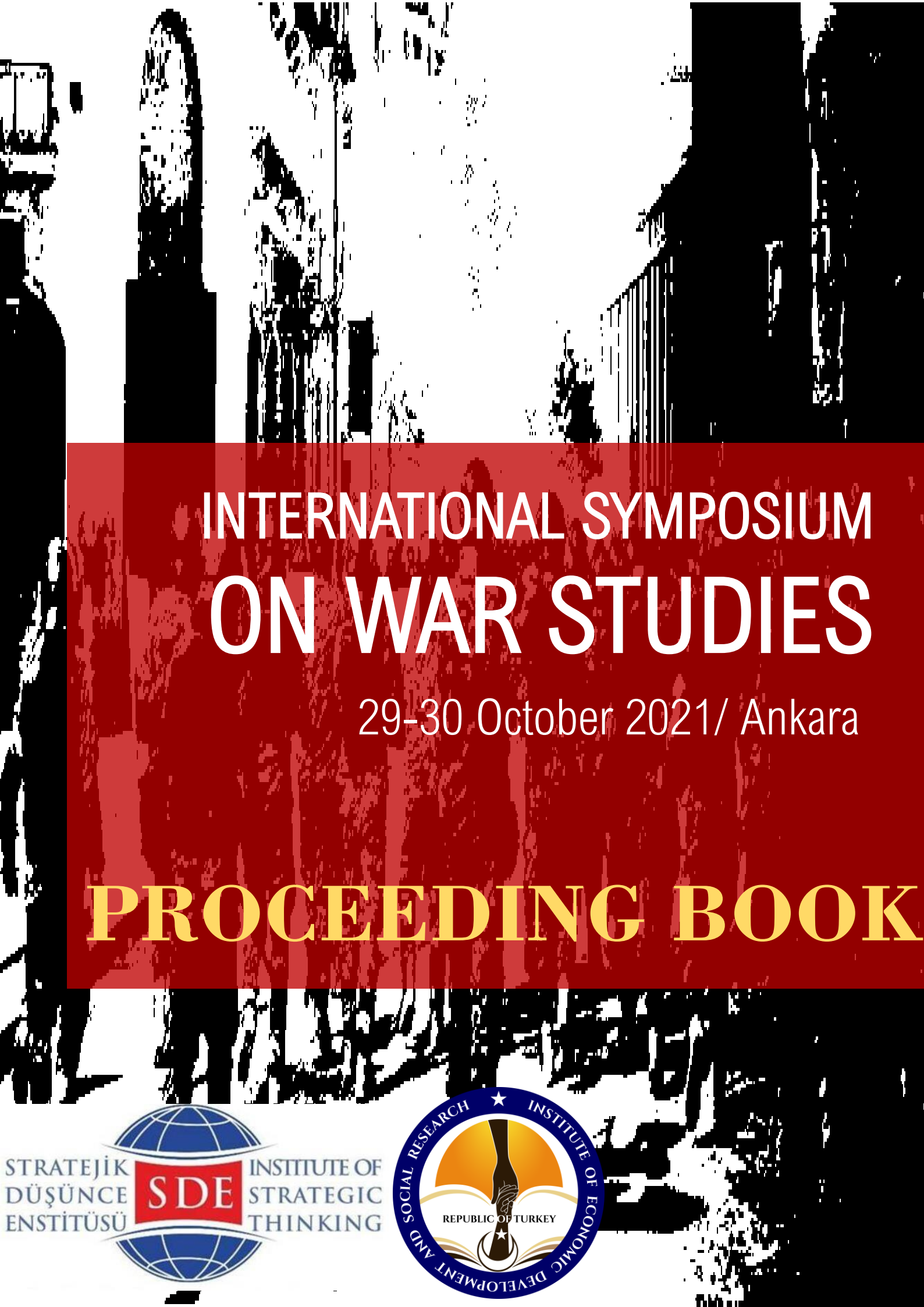


# INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON WAR STUDIES

29-30 October 2021/ Ankara

# PROCEEDING BOOK

STRATEJİK DÜŞÜNCE ENSTİTÜSÜ SDE INSTITUTE OF STRATEGIC THINKING

SOCIAL RESEARCH AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE
REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

STRATEJİK DÜŞÜNCE ENSTİTÜSÜ
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29-30 October 2021 / Ankara, TURKEY
Institute of Strategic Thinking

# PROCEEDING BOOK

EDITORS
*ASSOC. PROF. GÜRAY ALPAR*
*KALDYGUL ADILBEKOVA*

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*Violence and Abuse Studies Platform*

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ONLINE SESSION

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|---|---|
| **TIME** | **PAPER & SPEAKER INFORMATION** |
| **15 Minutes** | **WAR AND WOMEN: AN ASSESSMENT OF WOMEN'S VICTIMS DURING WAR**<br>**Assist. Prof. Dr. Aslıhan IĞDIR AKARAS**<br>*Igdir University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **THE SOCIAL REASONS BEHIND THE CRIME**<br>**Dilara ÖNEŞ**<br>**Merve KILIÇ**<br>*Ankara Hacı Bayram Veli University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **ARISTOTLE AND HIS JUST WAR THEORY AS THE GENEALOGY OF THE LOGIC OF WAR CONCERNING AMERICAN IMPERIALISM**<br>**Res. Assist. Musa AZAK**<br>*Inonu University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **THE CHANGING REPRESANTATION OF WAR IN THE ART OF PHOTOGRAPHY**<br>**Lect. Ahmet Sait YILDIZ**<br>*Akdeniz University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **WAR AND HUMAN BEING IN AKHLÂQ-I 'ALÂ'Î**<br>***Res. Assist. Dr. Seda ENSARİOĞLU***<br>*Bursa Uludag University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **CHILD AND MIGRATION IN "WHEN HITLER STOLE PINK RABBIT"**<br>**Res. Assist. Bilge GÜLMEZ**<br>*Erzincan Binali Yıldırım University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RED CROSS AND RED CRESCENT ORGANIZATIONS AFTER THE BATTLE OF SOLFERINO**<br>***Prof. Dr. H. Kadircan KESKINBORA***<br>***Assist. Prof. Dr. Fuat INCE***<br>*Bahcesehir University, Department of History of Medicine and Ethics (Turkey)*<br>*Suleyman Demirel University, Department of History of Medicine and Ethics (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **THE UNOFFICIAL HISTORY OF WARS: LAMENTS**<br>**Assoc. Prof. Dr. Recep TEK**<br>*Nevsehir Haci Bektas Veli University (Turkey)* |

DATE: 30.10.2021

ANKARA TIME: $10^{00}$-$13^{00}$ / HALL: 3 / SESSION: 1

ONLINE SESSION

| | |
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| **TIME** | **PAPER & SPEAKER INFORMATION** |
| **15 Minutes** | **CINEMA AND PROPAGANDA: "BİR MİLLET UYANIYOR" (1966) VE "AYLA" (2017) UNDERSTANDING THE NATION STATE THROUGH THE FILMS**<br>**Prof. Dr. Süheyla SARITAŞ**<br>**Melek KURŞUN**<br>*Balikesir University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **SAYING GOOD MORNING TO THE CHILDREN OF WAR IN HATAY**<br>***Vahit HÜYÜK***<br>***Mustafa DURAN***<br>*Hatay Karlısu Social Sciences High School (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **THE CONCEPT OF WAR THE DRAWING OFF REFUGE CHILDREN**<br>**Dr. Raziye PEKŞEN AKÇA**<br>*Kayseri University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **THE PROTECTION OF INTANGIBLE CULTURAL HERITAGE IN ARMED CONFLICT**<br>***Assist. Prof. Dr. Cansu ATILGAN PAZVANTOĞLU***<br>*Eskisehir Osmangazi University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **IS WAR THE BASIS OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS ACCORDING TO ISLAMIC LAW? A REVIEW IN THE CONTEXT OF MAQĀSID AL-SHARIA THEORY**<br>**Assist. Prof. Dr. Eren GÜNDÜZ**<br>*Bursa Uludag University (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **TURKEY'S HEALTH SERVICES SUPPORT FOR ISLAND TURKS IN THE PERIOD OF DISORDER AND CHAOS IN CYPRUS**<br>**Assist. Prof. Dr. Fuat INCE**<br>**Prof. Dr. H. Kadircan KESKINBORA**<br>*Suleyman Demirel University, Department of History of Medicine and Ethics (Turkey)*<br>*Bahcesehir University, Department of History of Medicine and Ethics (Turkey)* |
| **15 Minutes** | **THE SECOND KARABAKH WAR IN AZERBAIJAN: MEMORIAL DAY, VICTORY DAY, THE KHARIBULBUL SYMBOL OF VICTORY AND MILITARY TROPHY PARK**<br>**Aygun AMANALIYEVA**<br>*Azerbaijan National Academy of Sciences (Azerbaijan)* |
| **10 Minutes** | **RESULTS AND LAWFULL FEATURES OF DIPLOMATIC APOLOGIES BY STATES WHICH COMMITTED WAR CRIMES**<br>**Assoc. Prof. Dr. Mehmet GÜNEŞ**<br>**Gülnur BALCI**<br>*Ufuk University (Turkey)*<br>*Institute of Strategic Thinking (SDE) (Turkey)* |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Ali SÜNGÜ | THE REASON FOR THE ENERGY WARS AND THE ENERGY SOURCES USED IN THE WAR ARE "FOSSIL FUELS" | 89 |
| Aygun AMANALIYEVA | THE SECOND KARABAKH WAR IN AZERBAIJAN: MEMORIAL DAY, VICTORY DAY, THE KHARIBULBUL SYMBOL OF VICTORY AND MILITARY TROPHY PARK | 99 |
| Mehmet GÜNEŞ<br>Aslı Nur ÇANAKÇI | EXCHANGE OF PRISONER OF WAR AGREEMENTS"S FEATURES IN REGIONAL CONFLICTS | 113 |
| Mehmet GÜNEŞ<br>Gülnur BALCI | RESULTS AND LAWFULL FEATURES OF DIPLOMATIC APOLOGIES BY STATES WHICH COMMITTED WAR CRIMES | 121 |
| Sevil CENGİZ | THE REALITY OF CBRN IN WAR DISASTERS | 126 |
| Abbas KARAAĞAÇLI | FUNDAMENTAL FACTORS OF CIVIL WAR IN ARAB STATES IN THE MIDDLE EAST | 128 |
| Fuat INCE<br>H. Kadircan KESKINBORA | TURKEY'S HEALTH SERVICES SUPPORT FOR ISLAND TURKS IN THE PERIOD OF DISORDER AND CHAOS IN CYPRUS | 130 |
| H. Kadircan KESKINBORA<br>Fuat INCE | ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RED CROSS AND RED CRESCENT ORGANIZATIONS AFTER THE BATTLE OF SOLFERINO | 132 |
| Sibel ALMELEK İŞMAN<br>Can ÇOBANOĞLU | IMPORTANT WAR PAINTINGS IN THE EUROPEAN RENAISSANCE PERIOD | 134 |
| Bilge GÜLMEZ | CHILD AND MIGRATION IN "WHEN HITLER STOLE PINK RABBIT" | 156 |
| Eren GÜNDÜZ | IS WAR THE BASIS OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS ACCORDING TO ISLAMIC LAW? A REVIEW IN THE CONTEXT OF MAQĀSID AL-SHARIA THEORY | 158 |
| Ahmet Sait YILDIZ | THE CHANGING REPRESANTATION OF WAR IN THE ART OF PHOTOGRAPHY | 160 |
| Seda ENSARİOĞLU | WAR AND HUMAN BEING IN AKHLÂQ-I „ALÂ'Î | 185 |
| Mehmet Osman ÇATI | WAR AND JUSTICE IN PLATO'S REPUBLIC | 187 |
| Mehmet Osman ÇATI | THE ORIGINS OF THE JUST WAR TRADITION IN PLATO'S REPUBLIC | 196 |
| Tokar Andri | FUNDAMENTALS OF SNIPER TACTICS | 205 |
| Karina Stange CALANDRIN | NEOLIBERAL ZIONISM: ISRAELI ECONOMIC REFORMS AND THE CONFLICT WITH PALESTINE (1996-1999) | 208 |
| Mohammad Jafar CHAMANKAR | IRANIAN MILITARY JOURNALISM IN PAHLAVI PERIOD (1921-1939) | 209 |
| Ananda Majumdar | RUSSIA AS AN ELITE POWER IN EUROPEAN CONTINENT THROUGH THE SEVEN YEAR'S WAR | 216 |
| Ruslan VALIEIEV | PARTICIPATION IN MILITARY OPERATIONS AS A PREDICTOR OF OCCUPATIONAL BURNOUT AMONG UKRAINIAN POLICE OFFICERS | 227 |
| Erdi ŞAFAK | THE CHANGING FACE OF WAR: CYBER WARFARE | 228 |
| Tevfik ERDEM<br>Duygu ÖZDEMİR<br>Muhammet Mustafa AYDOĞAN | SOCIOLOGY OF WAR AND ITS CHANGING FACE | 230 |

# ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RED CROSS AND RED CRESCENT ORGANIZATIONS AFTER THE BATTLE OF SOLFERINO

SOLFERİNO MUHAREBESİ SONRASINDA KIZILHAÇ VE KIZILAY TEŞKİLATLARININ KURULMASI

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Assist Prof Dr, Suleyman Demirel University, Medical Faculty, Department of History of Medicine and Ethics, Isparta, Turkey

## ABSTRACT

The Battle of Solferino in 1859 resulted in the victory of the Franco-Sardinian Alliance over Austria. More than 6,000 people were killed and 40,000 wounded in this battle, in which approximately 300,000 soldiers from both sides faced each other. As the health services of the armies were insufficient, the wounded were writhing in pain. Meanwhile, Swiss Henry Dunant, who came to Solferino to meet with the French Emperor due to his affairs in Algeria, was very impressed by the situation of the wounded and organized the people around to help the wounded. Dunant managed to draw people's attention to the pain and drama of wars with his book "A Memory of Solferino", published in 1863. With the efforts of Dunant and his supporters, the "International Society for Relief of the Military Wounded" was established on February 17, 1863. On August 22, 1864, the sign of the association was determined as red cross on a white background as the reverse of the Swiss flag. In 1875, it was renamed the "International Committee of the Red Cross". Dunant was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for his outstanding efforts. The Ottoman Empire signed the contract of the association on July 18, 1865, but it remained distant for a while because its sign was the cross. Originally Hungarian (Karl Eduard Hammerschmidt), with the efforts of Physician Colonel Abdullah Bey, Association for Assistance to Wounded and Sick Soldiers was established on 11 June 1868. In the 1877-1878 Ottoman-Russian War, known in history as the 93 War, the Ottoman State informed Switzerland that it would use the Red Crescent instead of the red cross in ambulances. Permanent use of the temporary red Crescent was allowed in 1907. This became official in 1929. Today, the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement; It has won hearts as an international humanitarian movement that acts with the aim of helping all people without allowing any discrimination. Dunant's birthday, May 8, is celebrated as International Red Cross and Red Crescent Day all over the world.

**Keywords:** Battle of Solferino, Henry Dunant, Red Cross, Red Crescent.

## ÖZET

1859 yılında gerçekleşen Solferino Muharebesi Fransa-Sardunya İttifakının Avusturya'ya karşı zaferiyle sonuçlanmıştı. Her iki taraftan yaklaşık 300.000 askerin karşı karşıya geldiği bu muharebede 6.000'den fazla kişi ölmüş, 40.000 kişi de yaralanmıştı. Orduların sağlık hizmetleri yetersiz kaldığından yaralılar acı içerisinde kıvranmaktaydılar. Bu esnada Cezayir'deki işleri dolayısıyla Fransa İmparatoru ile görüşmek için Solferino'ya gelen İsviçreli Henry Dunant, yaralıların durumlarından çok etkilenmiş ve civardaki insanları yaralılara yardım etmek üzere örgütlemiştir. Dunant 1863 yılında yayımlanan "Solferino Hatırası" isimli kitabıyla insanların dikkatini savaşlarda yaşanan acı ve dramlara çekmeyi başardı. Dunant'ın ve ona destek verenlerin çabalarıyla 17 Şubat 1863'te "Uluslararası Askerî Yaralılara Yardım Cemiyeti" kuruldu. 22 Ağustos 1864'te derneğin işareti İsviçre bayrağının tersi olarak beyaz zemin üzerinde salib-i ahmer (kızılhaç) olarak belirlendi. 1875'te ise "Uluslararası Kızılhaç Komitesi" adını aldı. Dunant, gösterdiği üstün çabalarından dolayı Nobel Barış Ödülü'ne layık görülmüştür. Osmanlı Devleti 18 Temmuz 1865'te derneğin sözleşmesini imzalamış, ancak işaretinin haç olmasından dolayı bir süre mesafeli kalmıştı. Aslen Macar (Karl Eduard Hammerschmidt) olan Miralay Dr. Abdullah Bey'in çabalarıyla 11 Haziran 1868'te Mecruhin ve Mardayı Askeriyeye İmdat ve Muavenet Cemiyeti (Yaralı ve Hasta Askerlere Yardım Cemiyeti) kurulmuştur. Tarihte 93 Harbi olarak bilinen 1877-1878 Osmanlı-Rus Harbi'nde, Osmanlı Devleti İsviçre'ye ambulanslarda işaret olarak kızılhaçı değil de hilal-i ahmeri (kızılay) kullanacağını bildirir. Geçici olarak kullanılan kızılay işaretinin kalıcı olarak kullanılmasına 1907 yılında izin verildi. Bu durum 1929 yılında resmiyet kazandı. Günümüzde Uluslararası Kızılhaç ve Kızılay Hareketi; hiçbir ayrımcılığa izin vermeden tüm insanlara yardım etme amacıyla hareket eden uluslararası insanî bir hareket olarak gönülleri kazanmıştır. Dunant'ın doğum günü olan 8 Mayıs ise bütün dünyada Uluslararası Kızılhaç ve Kızılay Günü olarak kutlanmaktadır.

**Anahtar Kelimeler:** Solferino Muharebesi, Henry Dunant, Kızılhaç, Kızılay.